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ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

Power to a self-oscillating inverter ballast is supplied from a DC voltage source through an inductor means having two separate windings on a common magnetic core -- with one winding being positioned in each leg of the power supply. The inverter is loaded by way of a parallel-tuned L-C circuit connected across the inverter's output, thereby providing a sinusoidal voltage thereat. A fluorescent lamp is connected by way of a current-limiting capacitor with the inverter's output.